

Episode 57DHWD June 5 2025 A Complete List of Everything in the Republican Bill and How Much It Would Cost or Save

In Episode 57DHWD A Complete List of Everything in the Republican Bill and How Much It Would Cost or Save **Excerpts edited by RAWSEP for brevity and clarity and relationship to Residents Against Wood Smoke Emission Particulates a 501c3 nonprofit organization** The New York Times June 4 2025 | 10 year costs Tax cut extensions Temporary tax cuts Defense Homeland security immigration \$1trillion \$2trillion \$3trillion \$4trillion \$5trillion 10 year savings Energy Finance Federal employees Natural resources Other Transportation infrastructure Other health care Food benefits Student loans Climate Other taxes Medicaid \$1t 10 year costs Tax cut extensions Temporary tax cuts Defense Homeland security immigration \$1trillion \$2trillion \$3trillion \$4trillion \$5trillion 10 year savings Energy Finance Federal employees Natural resources Other Transportation infrastructure Other health care Food benefits Student loans Climate Other taxes Medicaid \$1trillion The tax and spending bill recently passed by House Republicans includes hundreds of provisions including extending and expanding large tax cuts partly offset by big cuts to Medicaid food benefits and other programs It would add nearly \$3 trillion to the national debt including interest costs The measure is now in the hands of the Senate where it could undergo significant changes Below is a table that lists how nearly every provision would affect the federal budget over 10 years as estimated by the Congressional Budget Office in an update released Wednesday The C B O evaluation does not include a handful of policy provisions that do not have direct effects on the deficit like one that would limit the power of federal judges to hold people in contempt and another that would establish a 10 year moratorium on the enforcement of state laws regulating A I Tax cut extensions Cost or Savings Marginal tax rates Permanently extend lower rates \$2177 billion Standard deduction Provide a temporary enhancement through 2028 with current levels permanent after and an inflation adjustment \$1308 billion Alternative minimum tax Permanently extend the increased individual alternative minimum tax exemption and phase out thresholds \$1304 billion Business income deduction Increase the deduction to 23 percent from 20 percent and make it permanent \$820 billion Child tax credit Provide an additional \$500 per child through 2028 with current levels permanent after and adjust for inflation \$797 billion Estate and gift tax exemptions Increase and permanently extend the estate and lifetime gift tax exemption \$212 billion Foreign derived intangible income and global intangible low taxed income deductions Permanently increase deduction amounts \$134 billion Base erosion anti abuse tax Permanently reduce the rate and retain the current treatment of tax credits \$31 billion Paid family and medical leave credit Permanently extend and modify the credit for businesses \$5 point 5 billion Income resulting from discharge of student debt on account of death or total disability Permanently extend an exclusion from a taxpayer's income and add a Social Security number requirement \$0 point 4 billion Hazardous duty area Permanently list the Sinai Peninsula as a hazardous duty area for tax purposes Deduction for personal exemptions Permanently repeal The exemptions were replaced by a larger standard deduction in the 2017 tax bill -\$1870 billion Tax cuts lasting only through Trump's term Cost or Savings No tax on overtime Allow workers who are not considered highly compensated to deduct overtime pay from taxable income A work eligible Social Security number would be required For tax years 2025 2028 point \$124 billion Enhanced deduction for seniors Provide an additional deduction of \$4000 with income limits of \$75000 for single filers and \$150000 for married filers For tax years 2025 2028 point \$66 billion No tax on car interest Provide deduction of up to \$10000 for loan interest on vehicles that undergo final assembly in the U S For tax years 2025 2028 point \$58 billion No tax on tips



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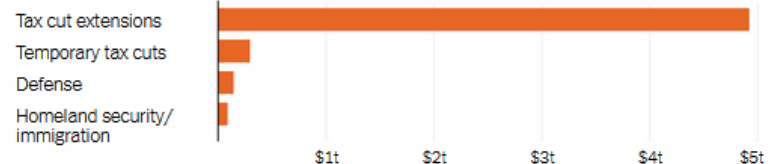
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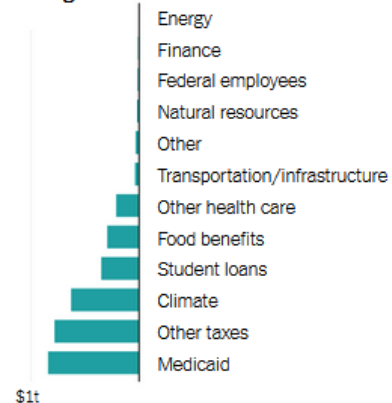
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Updated June 4, 2025

10-year costs



10-year savings



Source: New York Times analysis of Congressional Budget Office data · Note: Amounts are net totals by category and do not include all effects of interactions between provisions. · The New York Times

Allow workers who are not considered highly compensated to deduct tips from taxable income A work eligible Social Security number would be required For tax years 2025 2028 point \$40 billion Charitable contribution deduction Reinstate partial deduction \$150 for single filers \$300 for married filers for those who do not itemize For tax years 2025 2028 point \$6 point 9 billion Other tax provisions Cost or Savings Depreciation allowance for qualified production property Allow immediate deductibility of 100 percent of the cost of certain new factories and improvements \$148 billion Business interest deduction Change calculation of adjusted taxable income \$40 billion Depreciation allowance for certain property Allow immediate expensing of 100 percent of the cost of qualified property acquired from 2025 to 2030 \$37 billion Expensing of certain depreciable business assets Increase dollar limitations \$25 billion Deduction of domestic research and experimental expenditures Allow immediate deductibility for expenditures paid or incurred from 2025 to 2030 \$23 billion Charitable contributions to organizations with scholarships Provide new tax credit for gifts to organizations that provide scholarships For calendar years 2026 2029 point \$20 billion Trump accounts Create new savings accounts for children with a government contribution of \$1000 per child born from 2024 to 2028 \$17 billion Small manufacturing businesses Change accounting rules \$15 billion Low income housing credit Modifies credit allocations and bond financing thresholds and gives a basis boost to Indian and rural areas \$14 billion Reporting threshold for payments Increase thresholds for reporting payments to independent contractors and other payees \$13 billion Employer payments of student loans Make the exclusion from gross income permanent and index for inflation \$11 billion Opportunity zones Renew and make changes to the existing program \$5 point 5 billion Restoration of taxable REIT subsidiary asset test \$3 point 3 billion Adoption tax credit Make credit partially refundable and change rules for tribal governments \$2 point 3 billion Interactions between provisions \$1 point 8 billion Firearm silencers Eliminate taxes and some regulations \$1 point 5 billion Loans secured by rural or agricultural real estate Partially exclude interest on certain loans \$1 point 1 billion Certain income earned in the U S Virgin Islands Exempt income for the purposes of a GILTI deduction \$0 point 9 billion Employer provided child care credit Permanently increase add a new separate amount for small businesses index for inflation \$0 point 7 billion Sound recording productions Increase ability to expense certain costs of producing sound recordings \$0 point 2 billion 529 savings plans Expand allowed expenses \$0 point 1 billion Disaster related personal casualty losses Extend rules \$0 point 1 billion I R S Direct File program Replace program with a public private partnership to offer free tax filing Certain purchases of employee owned stock Disregard for purposes of foundation tax on excess business holdings Exclusion of research income from unrelated business taxable income Limit to publicly available research Increase penalties for unauthorized disclosures of taxpayer information Restrict regulation of contingency fees Wagering losses Permanently extend limit Qualified bicycle commuting reimbursement Permanently eliminate the exclusion -\$0 point 2 billion American opportunity and lifetime learning credits Require that students or taxpayers filing on behalf of students include their Social Security Numbers on tax returns -\$0 point 9 billion Exception to denial of deduction for business meals -\$0 point 9 billion Sports franchises Limit amortization deductions for certain sports related intangibles -\$1 point 0 billion Increase penalties connected to Covid related employee retention credits -\$1 point 6 billion Unrelated business taxable income of a tax exempt organization Increase by amount of certain fringe benefit expenses for which deduction is disallowed -\$2 point 7 billion Tax on excess compensation within tax exempt organizations Expand application of tax -\$3 point 8 billion Mortgage casualty loss and other itemized deductions Permanently lower the home mortgage interest deduction to



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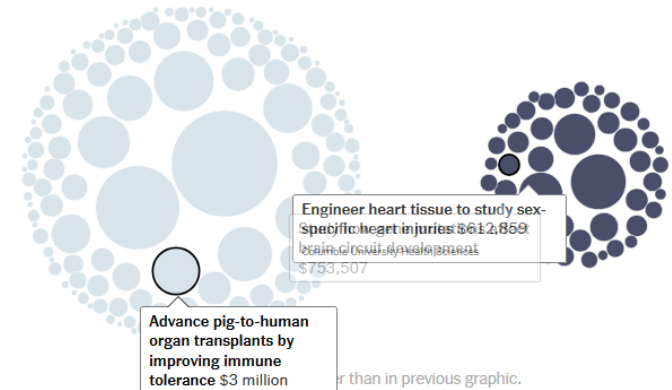
Publicly announced cancellations

The federal government has announced the termination of 1,389 awards, with more than \$820 million in recent funding.

Columbia University Health Sciences X

Canceled grants
\$108 million

Delayed grants
\$33 million



the first \$750000 in debt limit the casualty loss deduction to losses resulting from federally declared disasters and terminate miscellaneous itemized deductions –\$6 point 2 billion Investment income of certain private colleges and universities Increase excise tax for wealthier institutions –\$6 point 7 billion Excise tax for tobacco products Limit drawback of taxes paid with respect to substituted merchandise –\$12 billion Treatment of payments from partnerships to partners for property or services –\$12 billion Moving expenses exclusion and deduction Permanently eliminate both except for active duty military –\$14 billion Earned income tax credit Make changes to prevent duplicate claims and create a program integrity task force –\$15 billion Compensation paid to certain high earning employees Change deduction limitation rules –\$16 billion Investment income of tax exempt private foundations Increase excise tax rates –\$16 billion Charitable contributions made by corporations Establish a floor of one percent of taxable income on deduction –\$17 billion Excise tax on money sent abroad Impose new excise tax on remittance transfers by those who are not U S citizens or U S nationals –\$26 billion Limitation on excess business losses by noncorporate taxpayers Make permanent –\$27 billion De minimis entry privilege Repeal the privilege which currently allows shipments under \$800 to enter the U S duty free –\$39 billion New limitation on itemized deductions Permanently change –\$41 billion Raise certain taxes to retaliate against unfair foreign taxes –\$116 billion State and local tax deduction Permanently cap itemized deductions for state and local taxes at \$40000 per household The current cap is set to expire next year so any cap imposed would save the government money –\$787 billion Medicaid Cost or Savings Defund Planned Parenthood Prevent Planned Parenthood or theoretical similar organizations from receiving Medicaid payments \$0 point 3 billion Out of state providers Make it easier for children in Medicaid to see out of state specialists \$0 point 2 billion Medicaid death checks Require states to check a Social Security death file more often to cancel coverage for dead people Medicaid provider checks Require states to check monthly whether doctors or other providers have been kicked out of other state Medicaid programs More Medicaid provider checks Require states to check whether doctors or other providers have died Demonstration projects Require that Medicaid payment experiments be budget neutral Lower home equity limit Eliminate Medicaid coverage for long term care for people whose home is worth more than \$1 million –\$0 point 2 billion Spread pricing Ban a practice sometimes used by pharmacy benefit managers in pricing drugs for Medicaid –\$0 point 2 billion Screen out immigrants Prevent states from enrolling people in Medicaid until their citizenship status can be confirmed –\$0 point 8 billion Pharmacy rules Require pharmacies that accept Medicaid to participate in an annual cost survey –\$2 point 5 billion Gender transition care Ban the use of Medicaid funds for gender affirming medical care for transgender minors and adults –\$2 point 6 billion Limit retroactive coverage Reduce how long Medicaid will pay beneficiary medical bills from before they sign up from three months to one month –\$6 point 3 billion Cut good faith payments Reduce payments to states with errors and other improper Medicaid payments –\$7 point 4 billion New co payments Allow states to charge some Medicaid patients co payments of up to \$35 for medical services –\$8 point 2 billion Reduce federal funding for certain states Require states that use their own funds to provide health insurance outside of Medicaid to undocumented immigrants to pay a higher share for Medicaid expansion beneficiaries –\$11 billion End new expansion funding Eliminate extra Medicaid financing for states that newly expand Medicaid –\$13 billion Medicaid address checks Use data to confirm addresses and disenroll people signed up in two states –\$17 billion Nursing home staffing Cancel a regulation that required minimum staffing ratios for nursing homes –\$23 billion Medicaid managed care taxes Prevent states from using taxes on managed



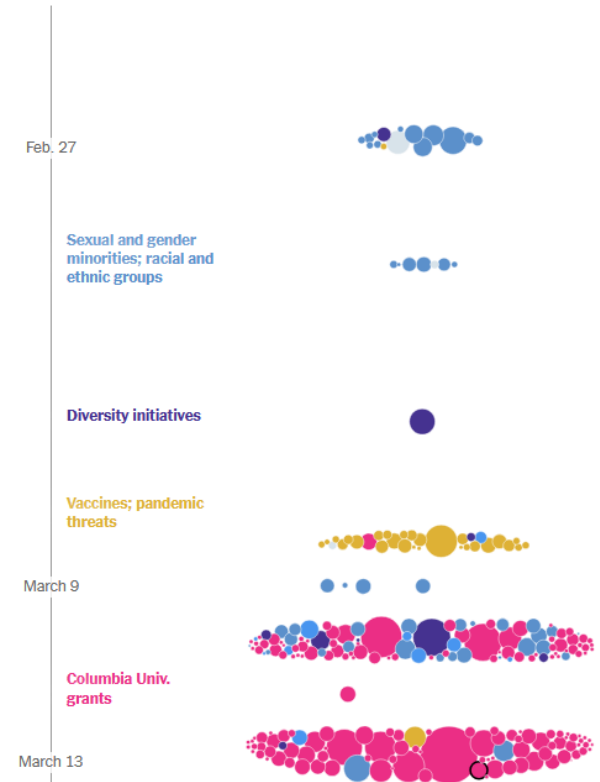
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care plans to increase federal funding –\$34 billion More eligibility checks Require states to check eligibility of people in the Medicaid expansion every six months instead of once a year –\$60 billion Limit state directed payments Prevent most states from using special funding to pay Medicaid providers higher prices than Medicare would pay –\$72 billion Postponement of a rule simplifying eligibility and enrollment processes Allow states to require more paperwork and more frequent eligibility checks for people in Medicaid –\$77 billion Medicare premiums Cancel a rule making it easier for low income Medicare beneficiaries to sign up for help paying premiums –\$85 billion Provider tax freeze Prevent states from increasing their current tax rates on Medicaid providers which are often used to boost federal payments –\$87 billion Work requirements Require childless adults to work volunteer or attend school for 80 hours a month as a condition of enrollment unless they qualify for an exception –\$336 billion Other health care Cost or Savings Interactions between provisions \$116 billion Health savings accounts Expand eligibility for tax free health savings account and increase the size of allowable contributions \$26 billion Health savings account uses Allow tax free health savings account money to be used for gym memberships on site employee clinics and other new categories of medical services \$16 billion Increase some Medicare doctor payments Change a formula that determines doctors’ pay from Medicare \$8 point 9 billion Orphan drugs Exempt certain drugs from the Medicare drug negotiation program \$4 point 9 billion Rural hospitals Expand the definition of rural emergency hospital under Medicare \$0 point 8 billion Delay disproportionate share hospital cuts Delay scheduled payment cuts to hospitals that treat more patients without health insurance \$0 point 6 billion CHOICE arrangements Allow employers to give workers tax free money to buy their own insurance and create a two year tax credit for small businesses \$0 point 5 billion Achieving a Better Life Experience ABLE accounts Change rules for the savings account for people with disabilities Improper Medicare payments Funds artificial intelligence contractors to examine Medicare improper payments and recoup overpayments Pharmacy benefit managers Impose transparency requirements and other rules on private companies that administer Medicare drug plans –\$0 point 4 billion Increase penalties connected to Covid related employee retention credits –\$4 point 7 billion Medicare coverage Limit eligibility to green card holders and certain other immigrants current law includes all who are lawfully present –\$5 point 4 billion Obamacare cost sharing reductions Fund payments to insurance companies to lower Obamacare deductibles and co payments for low income purchasers and restrict coverage of abortions in those plans –\$34 billion Premium tax credits during Medicaid waiting period Eliminate certain exception for those in a Medicaid waiting period due to immigration status that allows them to receive premium tax credits –\$50 billion Premium tax credits for immigrants Limit eligibility to green card holders and certain other immigrants current law includes all who are lawfully present –\$79 billion Premium tax credits Require annual verification of income and other changes –\$102 billion Tighten Obamacare plan rules Require more income checks and change benefit rules for private Obamacare health coverage –\$105 billion Food benefits Cost or Savings Interactions between provisions \$24 billion Emergency food assistance — SNAP payment errors Require all small payment errors to count toward a state’s payment error rate –\$0 point 1 billion SNAP eligibility Limit benefits to citizens or lawful permanent residents –\$3 point 9 billion Repeal the National Education and Obesity Prevention Grant Program –\$5 point 5 billion SNAP utility allowances Limit how energy assistance is used to set SNAP allotments –\$5 point 9 billion National Accuracy Clearinghouse Change how states use the system that identifies people who collect benefits in multiple states –\$7 point 4 billion Internet expense restrictions Forbid use of internet costs in setting SNAP allotments –\$11 billion SNAP state cost



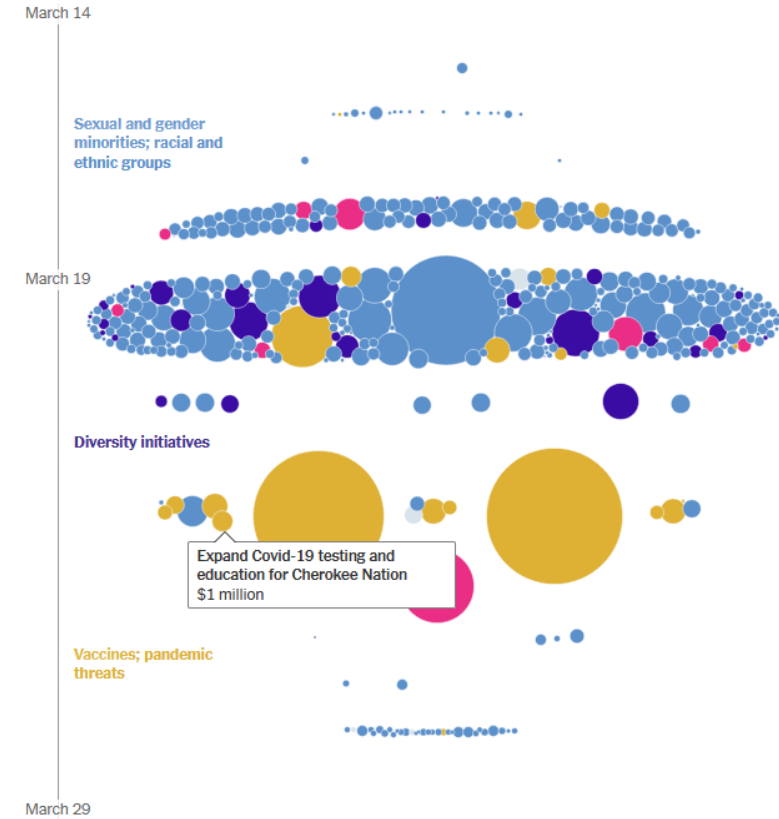
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sharing Increase the share states pay to administer the program –\$27 billion Thrifty Food Plan Limit increases to the plan used to set food benefit levels –\$37 billion SNAP work requirements A wider range of aid recipients would be required to obtain work –\$92 billion SNAP state matching funds Require states to pay a share of benefits currently funded in full by the federal government –\$128 billion Climate Cost or Savings Clean fuel production credit Extend credit for biofuels an additional four years through 2031 and make changes \$45 billion Publicly traded partnerships treated as corporations Expand activities that can be categorized as qualifying income to include storing and transporting hydrogen and capturing carbon dioxide from smokestacks \$1 point 9 billion Methane emissions and waste reduction Postpone for ten years the implementation of a fee on methane leaks from oil and gas operations and repeal funding for other programs to reduce leaks \$1 point 4 billion Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund Repeal and rescind Inflation Reduction Act funds Grants to reduce air pollution at ports Repeal and rescind Inflation Reduction Act funds Greenhouse gas emissions data collection and biofuels impact testing Repeal and rescind Inflation Reduction Act funds American Innovation and Manufacturing Act to address hydrofluorocarbons Repeal and rescind Inflation Reduction Act funds Greenhouse gas corporate reporting Repeal and rescind Inflation Reduction Act funds Environmental compliance technology Repeal and rescind Inflation Reduction Act funds Hiring and training of new E P A staff Repeal and rescind Inflation Reduction Act funds Credit for certain energy property Phase out Low emissions electricity program Repeal and rescind Inflation Reduction Act funds Diesel emissions reductions Repeal and rescind Inflation Reduction Act funds –\$0 point 1 billion Climate Change Action Plans for state local and tribal governments Repeal and rescind Inflation Reduction Act funds –\$0 point 1 billion Low embodied carbon labeling for construction materials Repeal and rescind Inflation Reduction Act funds –\$0 point 1 billion Air pollution including at schools Repeal and rescind Inflation Reduction Act funds –\$0 point 1 billion Declarations advertising the environmental impact of products Repeal and rescind Inflation Reduction Act funds –\$0 point 2 billion Environmental and climate justice block grants Repeal and rescind Inflation Reduction Act funds –\$0 point 3 billion Clean heavy duty vehicles Repeal part of the Clean Air Act and rescind funds that help states and localities adopt zero emission vehicles –\$0 point 4 billion Alternative fuel vehicle refueling property credit Terminate at the end of 2025 –\$1 point 2 billion Zero emission nuclear power production credit Phase down credit for existing nuclear plants –\$3 point 8 billion New energy efficient home credit Terminate at the end of 2025 –\$6 point 0 billion Previously owned clean vehicle credit Terminate at the end of 2025 –\$7 point 4 billion Clean hydrogen production credit Terminate at the end of 2025 –\$9 point 2 billion Carbon oxide sequestration credit Restrict –\$18 billion Energy efficient home improvement credit Terminate at the end of 2025 –\$21 billion Advanced manufacturing production credit Phase out in 2031 one year earlier than current law and disqualify facilities that use certain components from China and other foreign entities of concern –\$44 billion Residential clean energy credit Terminate the tax credit for rooftop solar geothermal heat pumps and other home devices at the end of 2025 –\$77 billion Clean vehicle credit Terminate the \$7500 consumer rebate for electric vehicles at the end of 2025 with an exception for automakers that have sold fewer than 200000 battery powered models –\$79 billion Qualified commercial clean vehicles credit Terminate the credit for companies that buy electric cars or trucks including businesses who lease the vehicles to consumers at the end of 2025 –\$105 billion Repeal E P A and National Highway Traffic Safety Administration emissions rules –\$105 billion Clean electricity production and investment credits Phase down tax credits for low emissions electricity sources like wind solar nuclear and geothermal power



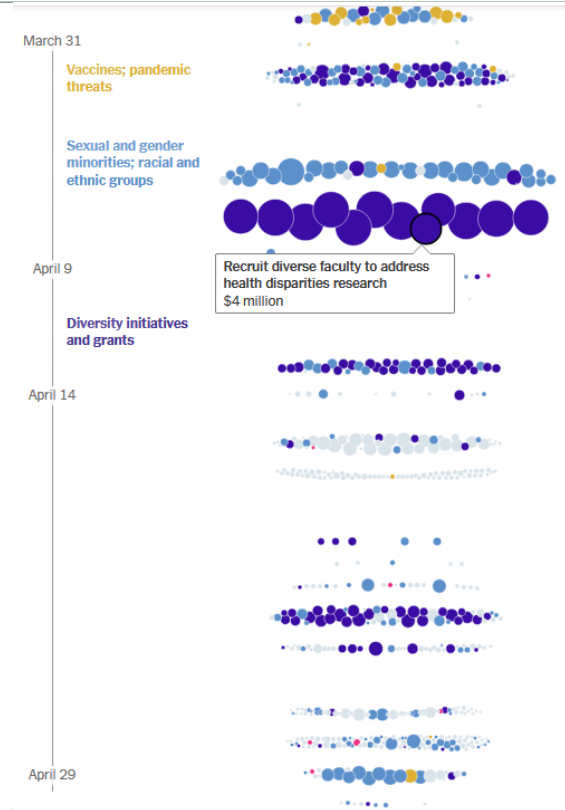
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New restrictions on transferability and the use of components from China –\$20 billion Student loans Cost or Savings Interactions between provisions \$41 billion Pell Grants Bar grants for students taking fewer than 15 credit hours a year while allowing grants for short term professional training certificates \$2 point 8 billion Student loan eligibility Prevent certain non U S nationals from receiving student aid cap the total amount of aid annually –\$0 point 5 billion Higher education accountability Require contributions to a grant program to participate in student loan programs institute new rules to receive certain grants –\$6 point 2 billion Regulation repeals Eliminate the 90 10 and gainful employment rules for for profit colleges as well as rules effecting loan discharges –\$9 point 0 billion Department of Education authority Limit authority to issue regulations that would increase the cost of federal student loans –\$32 billion Student loan limits Eliminate subsidized loans and grad PLUS loans cap parent PLUS loans and amend undergraduate loan limits –\$51 billion Student loan repayment Limit income driven repayment options –\$295 billion Defense Cost or Savings Fund shipbuilding \$32 billion Fund air and missile defense \$24 billion Fund munitions and the defense industrial base \$19 billion Fund low cost weapons \$13 billion Fund nuclear forces \$13 billion Fund military readiness \$11 billion Fund U S Indo Pacific Command \$11 billion Armed forces quality of life Fund housing improvements bonuses tuition and child care assistance \$8 point 1 billion Fund air superiority programs \$6 point 8 billion Fund border security \$4 point 9 billion Fund intelligence programs \$1 point 9 billion Fund audits and cybersecurity \$0 point 4 billion Fund inspector General Homeland security and immigration Cost or Savings Immigration enforcement Direct revenue from expanded immigration fees would fund enforcement work across several agencies \$73 billion Border security Fund border barrier system construction and related activities \$50 billion U S Customs and Border Protection Funding to expand workforce and purchase new vehicles and technology \$15 billion State border security funding Fund reimbursements to states for border security actions \$12 billion State homeland security grants For the 2028 Olympics 2026 FIFA World Cup and other security \$2 point 6 billion Presidential residence protection Fund reimbursements to local law enforcement for protecting the president’s private residences \$0 point 3 billion Higher immigration fees Set higher fees for certain travel work authorization and asylum applications raising revenue to fund enforcement –\$64 billion Federal employees Cost or Savings Worker complaints Require workers and former workers to pay filing fees when they make complaints Dependent health benefit eligibility Require more frequent checks of whether workers’ dependents receiving federal health benefits are eligible –\$1 point 5 billion New federal employees Employees would either give up some civil service protections or be asked to pay more for their retirement accounts –\$4 point 1 billion Annuity supplement Reduce additional payments for employees who retire early –\$6 point 9 billion Transportation and infrastructure Cost or Savings Coast Guard funding For vessels infrastructure aircraft and other activities \$20 billion Air traffic control funding For facilities equipment training and staffing \$12 billion John F Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts funding \$0 point 3 billion New motor carrier compliance website Annual fee of \$100 for access Duties on vessels entering the U S Increase tonnage duty rates by 125 percent –\$0 point 3 billion Rescission of funds Eliminate funding for sustainable aviation fuel neighborhood access and equity green federal buildings environmental reviews and low carbon transportation material grants –\$4 point 0 billion New electric and hybrid vehicle fees Require states to collect new registration fees of \$250 for electric and \$100 for hybrid vehicles to place in the federal highway fund –\$64 billion Natural resources Cost or Savings Surface water storage and water conveyance facilities Fund construction to increase capacity of surface water storage and conveyance facilities \$2 point 5 billion Outer Continental Shelf Revenue



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Total effect on the budget, through 2034



Source: Congressional Budget Office - By The New York Times



A photo released by the government of the Canadian province of Manitoba shows wildfires burning last week in Pin Point, Manitoba. Government of Manitoba

Increase energy receipts available to states and conservation programs \$1 point 2 billion America's 250th Anniversary Fund commemoration and establish the National Garden of American Heroes \$0 point 2 billion Protest fees Establish filing fees to submit protests against oil and gas lease sales Geothermal lease sales Require the secretary to hold geothermal lease sales yearly Council on Environmental Quality Rescind Inflation Reduction Act funding for environmental and climate data collection Coal reserve mining Authorizes mining of federal reserves in Montana Mineral mining in Minnesota Reinstate leases canceled under Biden in the Superior National Forest -\$0 point 1 billion Coastal communities and climate resilience Rescinds Inflation Reduction Act funds -\$0 point 1 billion Renewable energy fees Codify fees for wind and solar energy projects on federal lands -\$0 point 2 billion Coal leasing Rescind moratorium on new coal leasing and mandate new lease sales -\$0 point 2 billion Timber harvesting Require the Forest Service and Bureau of Land Management to enter into long term contracts -\$0 point 2 billion Rescission of funds For the National Park Service Bureau of Land Management Forest Service and other agencies -\$0 point 3 billion Oil and gas leasing in Alaska Reissue Arctic National Wildlife Refuge leases revoked under Biden and mandate new lease sales -\$0 point 9 billion Environmental reviews Allow sponsors to expedite reviews for a fee -\$1 point 0 billion Mandatory offshore oil and gas lease sales -\$6 point 3 billion Onshore oil and gas lease sales Reinstate quarterly lease sales require secretary to offer land for leasing -\$13 billion Finance Cost or Savings Consumer Financial Civil Penalty Fund Limit how the CFPB uses funds collected for violations of consumer financial law Green and Resilient Retrofit Program Rescind unobligated money in this HUD program retrofitting housing -\$0 point 1 billion Office of Financial Research Cap the assessments big financial institutions pay to fund the office's work -\$0 point 3 billion Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection Reduce the amount the bureau may receive from the Federal Reserve to cover operating expenses -\$3 point 9 billion Public Company Accounting Board Transfer the board's authorities to the Securities and Exchange Commission and eliminate authority to collect accounting support fees -\$5 point 6 billion Energy Cost or Savings Strategic Petroleum Reserve Fund cavern repairs and petroleum product acquisition \$2 point 0 billion De risking compensation program Set up a program compensating sponsors of coal oil mineral gas and nuclear projects should future federal action harm them \$0 point 2 billion Alaska Natural Gas Pipeline Department of Energy loan guarantee expenses Natural gas export user fees Set a \$1 million fee for a guaranteed license to export natural gas from the U S to any country without a free trade agreement -\$0 point 1 billion Natural gas permitting Enables applicants for natural gas projects to pay for expedited permitting -\$0 point 7 billion Inflation Reduction Act rescissions Rescind unobligated funds in energy programs created by the Inflation Reduction Act -\$5 point 3 billion Other Cost or Savings Agricultural assistance funding \$52 billion Agricultural trade promotion research and other funding \$6 point 1 billion Funding for commercial artificial intelligence in federal IT systems \$0 point 5 billion Regulatory reform Rural conservation programs Transfer funds from the Commodity Credit Corporation and rescind conservation funding from the Inflation Reduction Act -\$1 point 8 billion Electromagnetic spectrum auction Require the government to identify and auction spectrum by 2034 -\$88 billion Note Provisions with costs or savings listed as have a minimal effect on the budget In cases where the C B O estimated revenue and spending changes for the same provision those amounts were combined to come up with one cost or savings number Sources Congressional Budget Office cost and savings estimates plan details House committees plan details



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A photo from the Manitoba Royal Canadian Mounted Police shows firefighting efforts in northern Manitoba, in May. The Canadian Press, via Associated Press